

Ph 4207, Problem Set #4 (Total Marks 20)  
(due 01/04/18)

1. Consider the 4 particle state,

$$|W\rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}(|1100\rangle + \sqrt{2}|1010\rangle - |1001\rangle + |0011\rangle - \sqrt{2}|0101\rangle + |0110\rangle). \quad (1)$$

Using the state given in Eq. 1, perform the task of teleporting  $|\psi_2\rangle = \alpha_{00}|00\rangle + \alpha_{10}|10\rangle + \alpha_{01}|01\rangle + \alpha_{11}|11\rangle$ , where,  $|\alpha_{00}|^2 + |\alpha_{10}|^2 + |\alpha_{01}|^2 + |\alpha_{11}|^2 = 1$ .

For teleporting this state, how many ebits of entanglement is needed between the parties. Give the detailed teleportation protocol, somewhat similar to the one done in the class, where a single qubit state was teleported using a two qubit entangled channel.

Here Alice is in possession of qubits 1 and 3, while Bob is in possession of qubits 2 and 4. [7]

2. Perform the dense coding protocol for the state  $|W\rangle$ , where again Alice possesses qubits 1 and 3, while Bob is left with 2 and 4. To perform the dense coding, Alice applies a set of unitary operators from  $(I, \sigma_1, i\sigma_2, \sigma_3)$  to encode her classical information and sends her qubits to Bob as,

$$\sigma_i^1 \otimes \sigma_j^3 |W\rangle \rightarrow |W\rangle'. \quad (2)$$

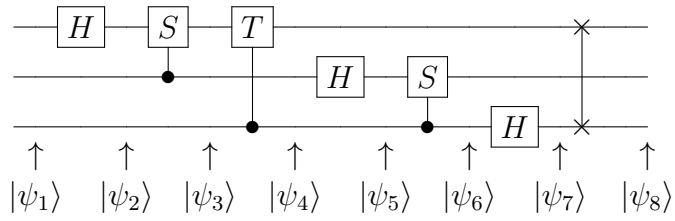
The operations of Alice are shown in table 1 in the left hand column. Fill in the the subsequent state obtained by Bob in the right hand column of this table.

Table 1: The operations of Alice and the subsequent state obtained by her.

<b>operations by Alice</b>	<b>state obtained</b>
$I \otimes I$	
$I \otimes \sigma_3$	
$\sigma_3 \otimes I$	
$\sigma_3 \otimes \sigma_3$	
$I \otimes \sigma_1$	
$I \otimes i\sigma_2$	
$\sigma_3 \otimes \sigma_1$	
$\sigma_3 \otimes i\sigma_2$	
$\sigma_1 \otimes I$	
$\sigma_1 \otimes \sigma_3$	
$i\sigma_2 \otimes I$	
$i\sigma_2 \otimes \sigma_3$	
$\sigma_1 \otimes \sigma_1$	
$i\sigma_1 \otimes \sigma_1$	
$\sigma_1 \otimes i\sigma_2$	
$i\sigma_2 \otimes \sigma_1$	
$\sigma_2 \otimes \sigma_2$	

Bob then performs a joint von Neumann type measurement to obtain the classical information encoded by Alice. Show explicitly the states involved here by constructing a table. Since, these states are orthogonal to each other, they can be distinguished perfectly. [8]

3. Consider the following circuit



Consider

a)  $|\psi_1\rangle = |000\rangle$

b)  $|\psi_2\rangle = |001\rangle$

Find  $|\psi_8\rangle$  in both cases (a) and (b). Evaluate all intermediate steps ( $|\psi_2\rangle, |\psi_3\rangle, \dots, |\psi_7\rangle$ ) [5]